

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VIII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1889.

NUMBER 88.



Combines the juice of the Blue Figs of California, so laxative and nutritious, with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming the ONLY PERFECT REMEDY to act gently yet promptly on the

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

—AND TO—

Cleanse the System Effectually,

—SO THAT—

PURE BLOOD,

REFRESHING SLEEP,

HEALTH AND STRENGTH

Naturally follow. Everyone is using it and all are delighted with it. Ask your druggist for SYRUP OF FIGS. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Louisville, Ky.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

J. JAMES WOOD,

DRUGGIST,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY!

And accurately compounded Day or Night

WHITE, JUDD & CO.,

Furniture Dealers.

Mattresses and Bedding of all kinds in stock
and made to order.
No. 12 E. Second St. MAYSVILLE, KY.

COAL!

We offer for the next thirty days best grades
of POMEROY COAL at 7 cents delivered,
cash, in lots of twenty bushels and over.

EDDIE DODSON & FRAZEE.

T. J. CURLEY,
Sanitary Plumber

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

Artistic Chandeliers, Oil Lamps, &c. Second
street, above Market, Maysville, Ky.

A. N. SAPP,

Baggage and Freight Transfer.

Will call at your house at all hours for bag-
gage or freight for steamboats and trains.
Leave orders at James & Wells' livery stable,
Market street.

C. W. WARDLE,

DENTIST,

ZWEIGART'S BLOCK.

JOHN CRANE,

—House, Sign and—

Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All
work neatly and promptly executed. Office
and shop, north side of Fourth between Mar-
ket and Limestone streets. Sibly

W. S. MOORES,

DENTIST.

OFFICE—Second street, in opera
house building. Nitrous oxide
gas administered in all cases.

E. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,

Dentist,

Office: Sutton Street, next
door to Postoffice.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and de-
livered to any part of the city. Parties and
weddings furnished on short notice. No. 55
Second street.

THE LUCKY EIGHT

The Senate Confirms the Cabinet
Nominations.

THE SLATE JUST WHAT IT WAS SUP-
POSED TO BE.

Blaine, Windom, Tracy, Wadsworth,
Proctor, Noble, Miller and Rusk—John
C. New's Bad Health Kept Him Out, But
He May Get a Foreign Appointment.

Foreign Comments on the Inaugural
Address—Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The president
sent the following nominations for cabinet
officers to the senate:

For secretary of state—James G. Blaine.
Secretary of the treasury—William Win-
dor, of Minnesota.

Secretary of the navy—R. F. Tracy, of
New York.

Postmaster general—John Wanamaker, of
Pennsylvania.

Secretary of war—Redfield Proctor, of
Vermont.

Secretary of the interior—John W. Noble,
of Missouri.

Attorney general—W. H. H. Miller, of Indiana.

Secretary of agriculture—Jereiah Rusk, of
Wisconsin.

The nominations were confirmed.

Why New Was Kept Out.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 6.—A late friend of
Harrison said it is known to a few only that

John C. New, during his recent
visit, received a slight paralytic stroke.

This solemn warning put an end to
his cabinet ambition. His physi-
cians impressed upon him in the

strongest terms the danger of
again embarking in any laborious

and responsible duties such as

would be necessary if he accepted an office

at Washington.

If New is hoaxed at all, it will be in the

shape of a foreign appointment, either in

Spain, Rome or southern France, where the

climate is mild and invigorating and the

duties of minor importance. He says fur-

ther, that Chauncey Huston will be treasurer

of the United States or assistant postmaster

general. Porter is booked for Russia, he

says. Harrison will enforce the civil

service law. Few changes will be made, but

Harrison said to him that he would waste

little politeness and time in discussing

a number of the occupants of the higher

places.

Foreign Comments.

LONDON, March 6.—The Post, commenting on
President Harrison's inaugural address,
commends the absence of bombast, which
gives evidence of another element of uni-
versal concord.

The Daily News says the address is re-
markable for its numerous allusions to for-
eign matters, and thinks the world may soon
have to reckon with a new naval power.

The Times professes to find indications of

Mr. Blaine's foreign policy in the president's
address, but does not think the financial
views expressed are very clear.

The Standard regards the address as dis-
appointing and evidently not written to
please the Anglo-Saxons on this side of the
Atlantic.

The Telegraph finds nothing alarming in
the address but on the contrary a disposition
on the part of the new administration to deal
fairly with foreign nations.

The Chronicle remarks that there is nothing
in it to enlist the sympathies of English-
men.

Morton in the Senate Chamber.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—When Vice Pres-
ident Morton entered the senate chamber at
noon he was greeted with loud applause from
the galleries. He rapped for order several
times and the senators rose to participate in
the prayer which was offered by the senate
chaplain, Mr. Butler. There was a good at-
tendance. A few new figures occupied seats.

When the prayer was concluded, Secretary
McCook read the journal of Monday, which
was approved. The committee appointed
to notify the president then appeared in
the center aisle and Senator Edmunds, the
chairman, announced that the committee had
notified the president and that he would
communicate with the senate in writing in a
very short time. The senate chamber was
quiet after this incident for several minutes.

Then Senator Cockrell offered a resolution,
which he asked to have laid on the table,
authorizing the appointment of a special
committee of five to examine into the
methods of the executive departments. Mr.
Morgan made a point of order against the
resolution, which he said he would reserve
for future discussion.

There was another pause and then Mr.
Stewart offered a resolution declaring it the
sense of the senate that the secretary of the
treasury should purchase \$4,000,000 billion
for silver coinage. A point of order was
made against this also, Mr. Frye objecting
to the present consideration of the resolution
and it went over.

Mr. Blair offered the credentials of Mr.
Marston, the new senator from New Hamp-
shire. Mr. Vest said that he would not ob-
ject to their reception although he doubted
the constitutionality of the act of the gov-
ernor in making the appointment.

At 12:35 Mr. Pruden, one of the secre-
taries of the president, appeared at the door of
the senate chamber. He was recognized, and
delivered a message from the president of the
United States. Immediately after the
senate, on motion of Mr. Hale, went into
executive session. At 12:48 the senate ad-
journed.

Clearing Day at the House.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—It was clearing
day at the house. The ex-members were re-
moving their papers from their desks in the

hall and from the closets and tables in the
committee rooms, while those who are re-
turned to the next congress were arranging
their papers in order for ready reference
when they return. The floor of the house
was occupied by visitors and the galleries
were filled by a constantly moving crowd of
sight-seers. Messrs. Cannon and Reed were
the only prospective candidates for the
speakership present, and they were occupied
for several hours in answering correspondence
and in receiving friends.

Resigned.

DALLAS, Tex., March 6.—W. S. Calell,
the Democratic marshal for the northern
district of Texas, Monday forwarded his
resignation to President Harrison to take
effect at once. He is a way-back Democrat,
and could not stand the new order of things.

Set By the South American Re-

public of Chili

A GOOD EXAMPLE

Set By the South American Re-

public of Chili

WHICH UNCLE SAM WOULD DO WELL
TO FOLLOW.

Substantial Encouragement Given to a
New Line of Great Steamships—A Won-
derful Development of Commerce Nat-
urally Follows—It Would Also Be a
Good Thing in Case of War.

NEW YORK, March 6.—An event of great
importance in its relation to the commerce

between this country and the west coast of

South America is the recent subsidizing of

a new line of coast steamships by the Chilean

government. Until within a few years the

entire foreign transportation and coastwise

trade between Chili, Peru and Ecuador was

monopolized by the Pacific Steam Navi-

gation company, an English corporation plying

between Valparaiso and Panama.

This corporation was started fifty years

ago by William Wheelwright, an Ameri-
can, with English capital, after having

vainly tried to enlist American capital in

the enterprise. And no other agency has

been so potent in the last half century in di-
verting the trade of the three countries

from the English channels as has the Pacific

Steam Navigation company.

Its history has been one of unbroken finan-
cial prosperity. Having a monopoly of the

trade, it taxed it all it would stand, and with

a connecting line of trans-oceanic steamers

between Valparaiso and Liverpool, succeeded

in establishing the supremacy of England in

the trade of the countries named. But the

intense National spirit of the Chileans al-
ways clung at the prominence of the British

ensign in the shipping of their harbors, and,

having become the foremost naval power in

the southern hemisphere, Chili aspired to be-

come independent of the foreign element in

her mercantile marine.

A few years ago a Chilean company began

the organization of a new line of steamers,

called the South American Steamship com-
pany, for the transaction of a coastwise trade

between Valparaiso and Panama. The

steamers belonging to the company were

built with especial design for this trade and

have all the improvements applied to the lat-
est steamship construction, including water

tight bulkheads and electric lights. They

are of steel and iron, built in Scotland espe-
cially for the South American Steamship

company, and are designed to accommodate

from 100 to 150 first-class passengers.

Those now running on the line are the

Mapacho, Laga, Cachapoal, Malipo, Lautaro,

Mazouis and Itata and all of them fly the

British ensign. Two more are in process

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY EVE, MARCH 6, 1889.

In the make up of President Harrison's Cabinet the South got—left. But that's all right.

The young men of Paris are organizing a gymnasium, and have forty members already enrolled.

Those Senators who held their noses when confirming President Harrison's Cabinet were probably thinking of Blaine and Wanamaker at the time.

It has been observed, of course, that Colonel Bradley is not a member of the new Cabinet. He was probably rejected because he was not strong enough timber.

"HONORABLE party services will certainly not be esteemed by me as a disqualification for public office."—Harrison's Inaugural.

This is no doubt very comforting to Brother Davis. He did some very effective work for his party in this district in the last campaign.

The Republicans of Ohio will have to look elsewhere for funds to help them out of their financial straits. They won't get that \$1,500,000 which they expected through the Direct Tax bill. Cleveland knocked them out of that.

There is strong talk, we learn, of moving Bracken's court house from Brooksville to Augusta—Bourbon News.

We've been hearing such talk almost ever since we heard of Brooksville. Give us some fresh "chestnuts," Brother Champ.

The total wealth of Cleveland and his Cabinet amounted to but little more than \$3,000,000. The wealth of Harrison and Morton and the Cabinet announced yesterday amounts to about \$30,000,000.

Cleveland's administration was an administration "of the people, for the people and by the people." It looks like Harrison's is to be an administration of the millionaires, for the millionaires and by the millionaires.

"The war is on" between the followers of Foraker and the other crowd of Republicans over in Ohio. General Beatty belongs to the "other crowd," and in a recent interview he handles the Governor without gloves. Referring to the rebel flag episode he says Foraker's language was "wholly irrelevant and nonsensical," even though it was "regarded by the common run of fools as the brilliant scintillation of a great political gemini." This is as tough on the Governor's admirers as it is on the Governor himself.

PRESIDENT HARRISON hasn't pleased a great many people in selecting his Cabinet. One can judge from the following how it is regarded in Washington City. McBride, the Enquirer correspondent, a Republican himself, refers to it as follows:

Generally it is viewed with apprehension and distaste. It will be promptly confirmed by the Senate, but some of the Senators will hold their noses in the cloakroom while it is being done. If it fails the President alone will have himself to bear the burden, as he has disregarded utterly the advice and even threats of the leaders of the party.

Mr. Blaine, the Secretary of the State, has a National reputation but not a very creditable one. He is not looked upon by the public as an honest and pure man, politically.

Windom, Secretary of the Treasury, and Wanamaker, Postmaster General, are about the only ones, aside from Blaine, the people have heard much of. And Wanamaker will always be regarded as having bought his position by contributions to the corruption fund of his party.

As for the rest, who is B. F. Tracy? Who is Redfield Proctor? Who is William Henry Harrison Miller? Who is J. M. Rusk? Who is John Wilcox Noble?

Advertised Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Maysville, Mason County, Ky., for the week ending Thursday, March 5, 1889:

Alexander, Eliza
Armstrong, Lizzie
Boone, S. W.
Beaumont, Borda
Britto, John
Bridford, John
Brown, Marion L.
Cunningham, Ellen
Curb, Sallie
Clark, E. H.
Clark, Matilde
Clark, B. F.
Cohen, John
Cohen, A.
Dickson, Mollee
Dobbs, J. H.
Evans, Sue
Foster, Lutie
Fry, Samuel P.
France, Mollee
Garrison, Chas.
Garrison, Mary
Greenlan, Mrs. E.
Gibson, Feby
Hill, W.
Hollings, S. M.
Johnson, Joseph H.
Johnson, L.
Johnson, Rachel
Muer, Aunie
Miner, B. M.
Moore, Fred
Moore, Geo.

Robinson, Eliza M.
Rist, Alonzo
Rhoadamyre, Jno (2)
Ryon, Eliza (2)
Robinson, James
Schoen, George
Sheets & Co.
Self, Sue
Sehur, Susan
Soll, Goo.
Small, Annie
Sheets, Ed.
Taylor, G. F.
Thompson, Thursday
Taylor, Frank
Trotter, Ross
Thompson, G. W. (col.)
Taylor, Ellen
Thompson, Nanny
Walls, Graham
Willburn, Lewis
Waick, P.
Wismon, Heleu
Wise, Maria
Williams, Chris
William, Henry
White, Dallas
Wheeler, Anna
Waller, Lutie
Warton, H.
Walden, Ebney S.
Warren, May

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised.

A. C. RESSPE, P. M.

THE TOBACCO QUESTION.

A Communication That Will Prove Interesting to the Growers of the Weed.

White burley tobacco had its origin near Higginsport, O. The first white burley ever grown in Kentucky was grown near the town of Dover, in Mason County, the vivacious, venerable and veracious General John S. Williams to the contrary notwithstanding. The facts proving this were published many years ago, with names and dates, in the "Maysville Republican," in a paper at Flemingsburg, and in the "Country Gentleman," at Albany, N. Y., and copied in various papers throughout the country, one of which at least was read in London, England. This species was first known in the market as Mason County tobacco, the district in which it was grown was known as the Mason County district, and this district for a long time maintained a monopoly of the growth of this tobacco, and still maintains its superiority as to both quantity and quality of the article grown.

The seed planted in the upper counties was mostly obtained from Mason, and many raisers and tenants were induced to go to other counties, notably to Montgomery, to introduce and superintend the culture of this new species of the weed, which at that time commanded high prices and made modest fortunes for many successful growers. Owing to this, larger and larger areas were planted.

It was found that almost any limestone land in the State would grow white tobacco. Inexperienced men attempted it; careless culture and more careless handling resulted; quantity instead of quality became the rule; the seed was allowed to deteriorate; many small raisers, principally negroes, devoted a large part of their crop to seed, without any regard to the proper selection of seed-bearing plants; the merchants eagerly bought up this tobacco seed without due inquiry as to where it came from, paying for it in trade and selling it as pure white burley seed. Almost every grocer in Maysville had some of the seed, and some of them had enough to plant the whole State in tobacco; the result of all these things was inevitable; a continuous and ever increasing departure from the type of the original species, and a like deterioration in the quality of the product—commoner grades bringing lower prices, and according to well understood rules depreciated the value of the entire crop grown. In some years owing to the enormous acreage and extra favorable seasons the supply exceeded the demand. Then the trade in tobacco became largely speculative; dealers and middlemen were enabled to control the markets to the detriment of the interests alike of the grower and consumer. For these and many other reasons the price of tobacco has fallen to such an extent, that it is alleged by producers that it is no longer profitable to raise it at present prices. This involves great loss to those who, by reason of changing their modes of farming, by the building of large and well-equipped barns, and in other ways have invested large sums of money to enable them to grow and market tobacco. Many remedies are suggested to relieve this state of affairs, the most popular of which seems to be a combination of growers to reduce the acreage planted—either to plant none for a season, or to reduce the acreage planted on each farm by some definite rule or regulation.

Without wishing in the least to discount the action of the Lexington convention, the writer respectfully submits his opinion that for the present, at least, this scheme is impracticable and predicts its failure; 1st. Tobacco is generally grown on the share or tenant system; contracts for the coming season have already been made with tenants, the acreage allotted, necessary supplies purchased and in many instances plowing and fencing done and the seed beds already planted. 2nd. The plan suggested, while it might not greatly interfere with the landlord, is manifestly unfair to the tenant. A vast majority of the tenants raise little else besides tobacco. Upon this crop they depend to clothe, shelter, feed and educate their families. They have made their contracts and secured their advance-menies accordingly. Many of them know how to do nothing else but grow and handle tobacco. They are generally poor men with large families. They rely mainly upon their families and children to cultivate the tobacco to maturity and prepare it for market, and these children, both boys and girls, whose labor for a part of the year at least is an absolute necessity for the support of the family, cannot find any other employment. 3rd. It will be impossible to secure unanimity of action, and without this the scheme is a manifest failure. A great number of growers, to whom the writer has talked, say they intend to raise just as much tobacco as they please. They will sign no agreement, and some of them resent the idea as an unwarrantable interference with their management of their personal affairs. 4th. Many of those who sign the agreement will seek the first opportunity to violate it. There are cunning, designing, greedy and dishonest men in all walks of life among the agriculturists of the God-forsaken country, as well as among the denizens of the much-maligned, man-made town. Greed of gain will overcome conscientious scruples, and not a few of those who sign an agreement will, with the idea of higher prices prevailing, not only not diminish but covertly increase their acreage; and when caught at it, laugh at it as a sharp trick, well knowing that there is no practical means of enforcing a strict compliance with their agreement. 5th. For obvious reasons, those who refuse to enter into the agreement will increase their acreage.

These facts may seem unconvincing, Mr. Editor, to some, but they are nevertheless true. We, therefore, conclude that this tobacco combine is impracticable. The tobacco interests, like all others, must be left to be governed in the end by the ordinary laws of supply and demand. When the farmer and the tenant learn by sharp experience that the culture of tobacco is unprofitable, they will voluntarily decrease their acreage. Self-interest, the great motor in human affairs, will lead them not to "put all their eggs in one basket," as it were. It will drive them to a more diversified system of farming, which, of itself, will be of incalculable benefit to our country, and this the farmers will accomplish of their own volition, and without the idea, erroneous tho' it be, of any sort of compulsion, which is so distasteful to so many of our people.

Meanwhile, the following suggestions may be recommended as valuable: Greater care in the selection of plants for seed; the destruction or separation of abnormal plants or hybrids; better preparation of land and more thorough culture at all stages of its growth; and greater, oh, far greater, care in

the handling of tobacco from the time it is cut till it is placed on the market.

To those who have them, I recommend a careful re-reading of the articles on the "Origin and Culture of White Burley Tobacco," published by the writer some twelve or fifteen years ago, and a comparison of the suggestions then made with the facts as they exist to-day. The writer may in the future express his further views as to the best way to ameliorate the present condition of tobacco growers, especially in this locality. It may be interesting to state here, that one of the best crops of tobacco in all respects marketed in Maysville in recent years, and which brought an extra high price, was grown from seed furnished by the writer, and known by him to be over fourteen years old. The seed was planted more to test its vitality than for any other purpose, and as for the result I respectfully refer to Mr. Langhorn Tabb, an experienced grower and handler, then with Cooper, Baldwin & Co., Maysville, Ky.

Hoping this article may set others to thinking, induce them to give their experience and express their opinions, and that by the comparison of ideas truth may be obtained and good result to those interested, I am, yours sincerely.

G. Washington, Ky., Feb. 28, 1889.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook, ironer and washer, for small family. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Three fresh Alderney cows. If not sold at private sale, will be sold on County court day in this city. L. H. LONG & SON.

FOR SALE—A good two-horse Wagon at \$25. M. L. WILLIAMS, Pelham Farm.

FOR SALE—Twenty head of work horses and mules, cheap. Apply to W. L. MORAN, at Morristown, Mason Co., Ky.

FOR SALE—1,000 good Louisville Posts. Address ELASIA MORAN, Maysville Ky.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Sutton Street. For particulars apply to JOHN W. PORTER.

FOR SALE—A frame cottage containing three rooms, kitchen and cellar, on Third street, Fifth ward. Good outbuildings. Terms easy. Apply at this office.

WASHINGTON: OPERA: HOUSE,

One Night Only,

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6.

SISSON & BRALEY'S Company of Comedians in the Great Musical Comedy.

LITTLE NUGGET

PATROL BAND

And Operatic Orchestra,

under the arrangement of S. W. Brady. The intent, the brightest and the handsomest musical companies.

PRICES—Parquette, 75 cents; Parquette

Box, 50 cents; reserved 75 cents; Balcony, 35 cents; Balcony, reserved, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats now on sale at Harry Taylor's.

WE ALWAYS LEAD!

Spring Vegetables in Abundance.

READ THE LIST:

Fresh Strawberries per quart..... \$1.00

Ripe Tomatoes per dozen..... 50

New Beets per bunch..... 10

Fresh Rhubarb per bunch..... 10

Large, Fresh Lettuce per pound..... 30

Spring Onions, three bunches..... 10

Fresh Home-grown Kahl per peck..... 20

Large, Fine Sweet Potatoes per peck..... 30

Remember our 15¢ fire test Headlight Oil is only 10 cents per gallon. Just received, a large lioe of Seed Potatoes and Onion Sets.

HILL & CO., Successors to L. Hill.

FOR SALE

One of the best Livery and Sate Stables in Kentucky, with a capacity of taking care of 150 Horses, and a business requiring from twelve to twenty Horses for hiring. The stable is brick with metal roof, and fire-proof steel rooms in rear. One railroad facilities make this a good point for handling mules and Horses. Apply to

BROWN, BEARD & HALL,

SHELBYVILLE, KY.

PUBLIC SALE—I will offer for sale on the 2d Mtn Day, on Lee Creek, three miles north of Maysville, Ky., on Saturday, March 10th, 1889, the following property: three Work Horses, one two-year-old Colt, two yearling Steers, one buggy and harness, Plows, Gears and Farming Utensils.

TERMS OF SALE.—All sums of \$5 and under, cash; on sums over that amount, note with good security, payable at a National Bank, same to commence at 1 cent interest, 12 months.

JAMES F. CLARKE.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The Stockholders and Board of Directors of the Maysville and Lexington and Maysville and Black River Railroad Companies are invited to meet on the 1st Mtn Day in April for the election of officers, to a general & Holdin's warehouse. Respectfully, W. W. BALDWIN, Sup't.

KATHIE S. NILAND MAGGIE M. NILAND

MISSES NILAND, Fashionable Dressmakers and Milliners

Successors to Mrs. Minnie Smith, will keep on hand a full supply of Military Goods at all times. Maggie M. Niland will continue the Dressmaking business at the old stand, in January block, and will be pleased to see her former patrons. Patronage of the public solicited. ffd-dwly

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE FOR LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Errors of Youth or Excesses in Old or Young; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Weak or Underdeveloped Organs & PARTS OF BODY.

Absolutely failing HOME TREATMENT.—Blessed in day. See Testimony of 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation and price stated (sealed) free. Address ERIC MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Having purchased the interest of James F. Robinson, in the property and business of the

OLD GOLD MILLS,

In the city of Maysville, I will continue to manufacture and sell all the justly celebrated

products of Eric Medical Co., and will be

glad to receive a share of the public patronage.

I shall also keep on hand and for sale Corn,

Corn Meal, Bran, Hay, Oats and Mill Feed.

Cash paid for Wheat and Corn, or the same

paid for Corn, Bran, Hay, Oats and Mill Feed.

Address GEO. T. HUNTER.

m2d2wlmw

MISS ANNA FRAZER'S NOVELTY STORE!

Dealer in DRY GOODS and NOTIONS. I

have always on hand a full supply of School Books, and have just received a large assort-

ment of new Millinery Goods.

Second Street.

maris

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL &

CO., 10 Spring St., New York, can learn the

exact cost of any proposed line of Advertis-

ing in American Newspapers. **50¢**—Page

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY EVE, MARCH 6, 1890

TIME TABLE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

Mayville Accommodation - Westbound.	
Leaves Mayville.....	6:00 a. m.
Arrives at Cincinnati.....	9:30 a. m.
Mayville Accommodation - Eastbound.	
Leaves Cincinnati.....	4:00 p. m.
Arrives at Mayville.....	7:30 p. m.
Local Mail and Express - Westbound.	
Passes Mayville.....	9:30 a. m.
Arrives at Cincinnati.....	12:30 p. m.
Local Mail and Express - Eastbound.	
Leaves Cincinnati.....	1:45 a. m.
Passes Mayville.....	2:00 p. m.
Washington, Balt'm're & N.Y. Express - Westbound.	
Passes Mayville.....	3:45 p. m.
Arrives at Cincinnati.....	6:45 p. m.
Washington, Balt'm're & N.Y. Express - Eastbound.	
Leaves Cincinnati.....	8:30 p. m.
Passes Mayville.....	12:00 a. m.

The local mail and express is daily except Sunday. The Washington, Baltimore and New York express is daily.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.	
Arrives.....	11:05 a. m.
Departs.....	5:55 a. m.
All trains daily except Sunday.	12:30 p. m.

INDICATIONS—"Fair, warmer."

ASPARAGUS and sited peas, Calhoun's.

CAPTAIN HUTCHINS "took in" the inauguration of President Harrison.

"LITTLE NUGGET" is a comedy that is lively and contains much that is amusing.

CALL and see the new styles of wall paper at Greenwood's. Prices cut to pieces.

"BILLIE SIMPKINS" and Josie Sisson will entertain you at the opera house tonight.

1,000 duplicates cabinet photos, now printed. Will close same at 20 cents each, at Kackley's gallery. 4d6t

MISS NANCY WILSON's friends will be glad to learn that she is recovering from a short but very severe spell of sickness.

The rise in the river at Pittsburgh reached over eleven feet and the coal shipments amounted to about 5,000,000 bushels.

Look at the fine pictures in Kackley & McDougle's show window. Now is the time to decorate your home. Marked in plain figures. 4d6t

REV. W. H. FELIX, pastor of the Lexington Baptist Church, has been granted indefinite leave of absence on account of throat troubles.

R. W. CLARK and Sophia R. Bodey, both of Brown County, Ohio, were married to-day by Dr. John S. Hays, at his residence, Hayswood.

An exchange says "an entertainment well worth witnessing is the three-act comedy "Little Nugget." Go to the opera house to-night and see it.

TEN days left for bargains in wall paper. Gilt paper 10c. to 25c. per bolt. Borders half price.

4d6t KACKLEY & McDougle.

At the regular meeting of Ringgold Lodge to-night there will be work in the first, second and third degrees. All members are urged to be present. Neighboring lodges invited.

MR. F. F. GERICK, the piano and organ agent, has inherited a snug little fortune by the death of an uncle at East Hanover, Lebanon Co., Pa. He has been at that place several weeks.

The south-bound K. C. passenger train yesterday morning jumped the track at Pleasant Valley, and was delayed some time. The accident was caused by the rails spreading. Nobody hurt.

The opening overture, by the famous Little Nugget Operatic Orchestra, under the direction of Mr. John W. Clair, this evening, will be a serio comic fantasia, entitled "A Trip to Coney Island."

At Augusta, B. D. Hodges, colored, a railroad hand, forged an order on his section boss and procured a pair of boots. He was bound over to the Criminal Court in the sum of \$500 to answer the charge.

HAVE you seen Hopper & Murphy's show window? If not, go at once and see it. In it you will see diamond gems, fine gold watches, handsome lace pins and ladies' queen chains that are unique, novel and beautiful.

The firm of Purnell, Wallace & Co., cigar manufacturers, has been dissolved by mutual consent, Messrs. John P. and James Wallace retiring. The business will be conducted at the present stand on Market street by Messrs. James Purnell and Simon N. Crowell.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Bourbon News says: "Millersburg regrets deeply to lose one of her best citizens, which she does in the person of John W. Boulden, who leaves shortly for Maysville, where he makes his future home. He and his much esteemed wife will be greatly missed by our people, who wish for them every good, temporal and spiritual."

MR. LEACH SETTLES.

Everything Squared Up and a Certified Check Given for the Balance Due the City.

The accounts of Mr. C. S. Leach late City Treasurer, have been squared, and a certified check given for every cent due the city.

It was announced some days since that satisfactory arrangements had been made for a settlement of the business, and Mr. Leach informed the President of the council last week that he was ready at any time to meet the proper authorities and square up his accounts.

The committee to whom the matter was referred at last session of the council, met yesterday afternoon, and full and complete settlement was effected. The amount due on first examination was \$4,353.16. It was learned afterwards that Mr. Leach was entitled to a credit of \$2,26. This was deducted and a certified check from Mr. Leach was then turned over to the committee for the balance—\$4,350.90.

The committee will report the settlement to the City Council to-morrow night, and will recommend that Mr. Leach be paid his salary for the month of January, amounting to \$42.

As some of the committee remarked, this is a much more satisfactory way of settling the business, than by hurrying into a law suit or resorting to other stringent measures.

THOMPSON-McATEE NUPTIALS.

A Quiet Wedding at the Christian Church Yesterday Afternoon.

The marriage of Mr. A. H. Thompson and Miss Hoddie McAtee at the Christian Church yesterday afternoon was attended by a large crowd of the friends and relatives of the contracting parties.

The nuptial ceremony was solemnized at 3 o'clock by Rev. R. B. Garrett, pastor of the Baptist Church.

Messrs. H. C. McDougle, John C. Adamson, J. Barbour Russell and R. P. Jenkins acted as ushers. Miss Grace Paddock presided at the organ, and rendered the wedding march.

The bride was attired in a neat traveling costume of light brown Henrietta, with iridescent trimmings. The groom wore the conventional black.

The couple were passengers on the C. & O. train at 4 o'clock for Cincinnati, where they will spend a few days in the enjoyment of the honeymoon, after which they will return and take up their residence at the northwest corner of Third and Sutton streets.

Coal Fresh Coal.

Just received a barge of first class coal which we will sell at 7 cents (cash) delivered. The coal is just from the mines and will be handled from our boats. No slack. No dirt. It has not been in the yard twelve months. Come and see us.

Again Lovingly m2d4t T. A. KEITH & CO.

Why it is One Sweet Melody Will Charm.

Mr. J. B. Melody, of 333 State street, Chicago, had drawn a handsome prize in the Louisiana State Lottery Drawing of December 18th. He said: "Yes, I held one-fortieth of ticket No. 48,744, which drew the second capital prize of \$200,000 in the company's drawing of December 18th last. I experienced no trouble in getting my money, all that was required being to present my ticket at the office of Adams Express Company and be properly identified. Four days after I had the \$5,000 in my pocket."—Chicago (Ill.) Arkansas Traveler, Jan. 12.

Death of Mrs. Mollie Gordon.

Mrs. Mollie Gordon, nee Clarke, died at 1:30 o'clock this morning at her home in Wichita, Kan., after a lingering illness. A telegram at a late hour brought the sad intelligence to her sister, Mrs. James H. Rogers.

The deceased was a native of this city. She was a daughter Mrs. Mary Clarke, and was married a year or so ago to Mr. Harry Gordon, a prominent young attorney of Wichita. Her many friends here and elsewhere will learn of her death with sincere sorrow.

The remains will be brought to this city for interment. Due notice of the funeral will be given to-morrow.

A Small Blaze.

The Maysville Gas Company's works on West Second street were discovered on fire about 5 o'clock last evening. There was some delay in giving the alarm, and Messrs. Pat Cullen, James Simpson and others near by succeeded in extinguishing the flames before the fire department reached the scene.

The origin of the blaze is a mystery. It started in what is known as the meter room, a small apartment that is kept locked most all the time, the Superintendent, Mr. Simpson, being about the only one who ever enters it. Nobody had been about the room for some time. It is thought there was a small leak, which finally ignited, from a jet that is kept burning, and set fire to some papers. The damage was trifling.

This Brooklyn Citizen, in speaking of "Little Nugget" says the performance is sprinkled with songs, dances and specialties, forming an entertainment that is pleasing and interesting. A topless to night.

You are specially invited to call at Benger's and see those lovely diamond pins, rings, bracelets and eardrops. They are perfect gems, and have just been received. Some elegant diamond studs also in the stock.

ELDER P. G. LESTER, member of Congress from the Fifth Virginia district, was in town this morning. He and Elder Ebanks, of Georgia, will conduct services at the Old School Baptist Church in Maysville next Saturday at 2 p. m., and Sunday at 11 a. m.

The friends of Eb Cheney, the missing drummer, have increased the reward for the recovery of his body to \$750. This, or a reasonable part of it, will be paid for the least bit of information that will lead to the recovery of his body or to the location of his whereabouts.

THE Bohemian oats swindler is now abroad in the land, doing up the sturdy yeomanry with South American corn. The man who calls up a dozen men to a bar and treats away \$5 worth of whisky and is too poor to take a newspaper, is generally the man who is always taken in by these slick-tongued rascals.—Benton News.

Notice

All parties wishing photographs will please call now, as I shall close the gallery for repairs soon. Special inducements now in frames.

436t J. T. KACKLEY, Photographer.

A Pleasing Sense

Of health and strength renewed, and of ease and comfort, follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts in harmony with nature to effectually cleanse the system when cestive or bilious. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

More Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate were lodged for record yesterday:

Washington Prather and wife to J. A. and I. Manley, 100 acres and 25 poles of land on Shannon Creek; consideration, \$10,000.50.

Franklin Laytham and wife to Silas F. Fristoe and wife, about 91 acres of land in Charleston Bottom; consideration, \$7,000.

Silas F. Fristoe and wife to Dennis Conlon, 5 1/2 acres of land in Charleston Bottom; consideration, \$1,500.

Lizzie D. Clevland and husband to John Widdington, 5 acres, 3 rods and 25 poles of land on Pummill Creek; consideration, \$17,20.

Roger M. Owens to John Wallingford, 45 acres of land on Pummill Creek; consideration, \$2,511.02.

John J. Peed and wife to George Flanagan and John Flanagan, 28 acres, 1 rod and 4 poles of land on Absolom Creek; consideration, \$1,800.

Thomas Wells and wife to Dr. John A. Reed, house and lot on West Third street, this city; consideration, \$6,000 cash.

Purnell, Wallace & Co. to Purnell & Crowell, grantors' interest in three pieces of real estate in this city—two lots on Fifth street, and lot No. 182 on January Plat of Fifth ward; consideration, \$1, &c.

A. M. J. Cochran, commissioner for W. T. Cole's widow and heirs, to George G. Killpatrick, a house and lot in Shannon; consideration, \$855.

Personal.

Miss Carrie Buckler, of Mt. Olivet, is visiting the family of Mr. S. S. Riley.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

ORANGEBURG.

Our postmaster is talking of giving up the office.

The movers are seeking their new homes this week.

McCracken Toole has moved away from his old home near here.

Miss Ella Stubblefield, of Rectorville, spent last week here with relatives.

Miss Lena Ross is spending the week with Miss Jennie Tuyor, of Rectorville.

Mrs. Cuthbert, of Winchester, is visiting her brothers and sisters in this neighborhood.

Elder Morri on had a very small congregation last Sunday on account of bad weather.

MT. GILEAD.

Riley Brannel is on the sick list.

A. M. Brannel has bought several crops of tobacco in this section.

Miss Carrie Dickson, of Flemingsburg, is visiting the family of J. A. Brannel.

Mr. Joe Semonds moves to Lewisburg.

Mr. Higgins has a new clerk, William Jones.

Protracted meeting is still going on at Mt. Carmel M. E. Church, South.

O. B. Alexander purchased two thoroughbred horses at Lexington on sales.

Mrs. Clara Brannel will entertain some of her young friends Saturday night.

J. D. Brannel will visit his wife Wilkes station in training this year, under William Donk. Thinks he will enter the 2:30 list this season.

HELENA.

W. H. Cord has a new piano for sale.

The little son of Addie Bettis is very sick.

Mrs. Fields died suddenly Sunday morning.

Little Arnold died Tuesday night of last week.

Edison Gaule left for Washington City Friday in company with some friends.

Mrs. James Mitchell and children left for their new home near Lexington Saturday.

Lewis King, of Shelbyville, Ky., spent a few days here visiting his sister last week.

Bob Powers, formerly of this place, now living near Mt. Carmel, died Friday with typhoid fever.

While Chrisman was married to Miss Matilda Bradford Tuesday morning by Elder Dobyns, of Mt. Gilford.

Mrs. Masterson, of Lewisburg, moved to her new home lately purchased from John Ross near Flemingsburg.

Marlin Steele and Glenn Proctor have gone to Shelbyville.

Ernest Dobyns can be seen behind the counter at Mr. S. Q. Hard's.

R. M. Harrison wants to sell his property.

Possession given immediately.

PIGOTT'S DEATH

Regarded as a Disaster to the English Government,

AS THERE IS MUCH WHICH HE ALONE COULD EXPLAIN.

The Informer's Papers to Be Used as Evidence By the Parnell Commission—Emperor William Does a Good Deed—American Harvesting Machines Successful in Australia—Foreign Notes.

LONDON, March 6.—The Standard says the suicide of Pigott cannot be regarded otherwise than as a disaster to the government, as there is much that he alone could have explained regarding the imputations of conspiracy that must remain in obscurity. The result will be that the country will be flooded with calumnies against the ministry. The object of the Parnell commission, the Standard thinks, has been attained and the judges could give a decision on the evidence already taken.

It is stated that a letter has come to light in Madrid, addressed to Ponsonby, otherwise Pigott, regarding Mr. Shannon's promise to pay the informer money. The letter is said to contain important evidence concerning the responsibility for Pigott's escape. It is remarked ominously that Pigott committed suicide on Friday in room No. 13.

A large number of dispatches have passed between the government and the British embassy at Madrid concerning the disposition of Pigott's effects.

The informer's papers have been ordered into the custody of a special detective now in Madrid and they will be put in evidence before the Parnell commission on Thursday.

Appended to the Emperor.

LONDON, March 6.—A few days ago Emperor William received a letter from a girl living in Duisburg, Rhenish Prussia, stating that her father was a hopeless invalid, and that she and her three sisters, comprising the rest of the family, were deaf and dumb, and therefore unable to obtain employment necessary to support them. The writer, as a last resort, prayed that his majesty would send them a sewing machine, by the use of which they could sustain themselves. The emperor ordered a machine to be sent to them immediately.

America Beats 'Em All.

MELBOURNE, March 6.—The prizes of the world's exposition have been awarded and the American machine—the McCormick—won the grand gold medal in competition with all English, American and Canadian manufacturers. The McCormick alone was given special mention for simplicity and new devices. This American machine has won thirty-three first prizes at the various field trials during the Australian harvest now past, and in no instance suffering defeat, and has spread consternation among the English manufacturers, who are struggling to enter the Australian market.

A Remarkable Contrast.

BERLIN, March 6.—The North German Gazette, referring to what it calls a remarkable contrast between the utterances of the American newspapers published in English and those of the German-American papers, charges the former with bringing groundless accusations against Germany, and placing events in Samoa in such a light as to make Klein's "criminality" appear as heroism, while the German-American press points out the moderation of Germany.

After quoting the opinion of the latter to the effect that the hostility to the Germans is due to the hatred and envy of a section of the American population, especially the Irish portion, the North German Gazette says: "These Irish-Americans are doubtless animated by envy and hatred at seeing how well the Germans can earn their bread. The German is more contented and industrious than the Irishman, and this is the reason for his unpopularity in America. To the aversion felt by a section of the American people toward modest and industrious competitors is due their dislike of Germans and their persecution of the Chinese."

Gladstone's Hope.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Edmund Yates says that Gladstone entertains a strong belief in his return to power being almost imminent. One day last week he was discovered in a well known London drawing-room deep in the pages of the morning Post, which is carefully tabooed in James street, while waiting for the mistress of the house. On putting the paper down he recognized his fellow caller, and said cheerily: "I must come in. Lord Salisbury and the Times will fall together."

Willing to Arbitrate With Us.

COPENHAGEN, March 6.—The minister for foreign affairs has submitted for the approval of the rigging a convention with the United States, dated December 6, declaring that the Butterfield claim for compensation shall be settled by arbitration.

Prussia's Alliance With Greece.

BERLIN, March 6.—The Post says that Princess Sophie of Prussia, will be formally betrothed by proxy to the crown prince of Greece, in Berlin, entering Greece with the position of crown princess. Prince Henry will act as bridegroom.

Three governors In West Virginia.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 6.—Nathan Goff, Republican, and President R. S. Carr, of the state senate, Union Labor, took the oath of office of governor of this state and made formal demand upon Governor Wilson to vacate, but that gentleman refused, and referred the two aspirants to the courts to decide who shall hold office pending the contest between Goff and Fleming. The outcome is anxiously looked forward to. Everything passed off peacefully and no trouble is anticipated.

Collapse of a Montreal Planing Mill.

MONTREAL, March 6.—At 11:30 Monday morning the roof of the large planing mill of Lapham & Company, at the corner of Phillips and Dorchester streets, in this city, suddenly fell in, and three of the four walls fell outward. Twenty to eighteen workmen inside were completely buried in the ruins. Three men have been taken out, none of them fatally, but all seriously injured. It is not known how many are in the ruins.

Must Have an Advance.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 6.—The Weavers' union Monday night unanimously voted to strike unless an advance of wages is granted before March 11.

THREE TONS OF POWDER EXPLODE
At Acton, Massachusetts—One Man Blown to Atoms.

MAYNARD, Mass., March 6.—The kernelling mill, a wooden structure, containing twenty barrels, or about three tons of powder, at the works of the American powder mills at Acton, was blown up shortly after 8 a.m. Monday. Of the fifty employees of the concern, the only one killed was Douglas H. Livingston, who two years ago, came to the mills from Xenia, O. He was blown to atoms and shreds of his body were scattered in every direction. The kernelling mill and the dry house, which stood near it, were entirely destroyed. Henry Newcomb, who was working in the dry house at the time, escaped uninjured.

What caused the explosion is unknown. No definite estimate of the loss to the company can be given, but it is thought to be in the vicinity of \$5,000. Throughout this town much window glass was broken by the explosion. At Hudson, six miles away, the shock was distinctly felt, windows and doors shaking perceptibly. There have been ten previous explosions at the Acton mills.

College Students Fight.

BOSTON, March 6.—John B. Van Schaick, of New York, S. C. Manley, of Augusta, Me., and about a dozen other Harvard students became involved in a free fight with some Cambridge boys on a horse early Monday morning, and several of the fighters were arrested. Van Schaick was the only one captured however, and he was released after paying a fine of \$20. The trouble in the street car began when a woman passenger accidentally dropped some oranges on the floor. The students gathered up the oranges and kept them. The woman became angry and slapped the face of Henshaw, the catcher of the Harvard base ball team.

Confederate Cavalry Veterans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 6.—At the second reunion of the veterans of the Confederate cavalry Monday Gen. W. H. Jackson was elected president of the association. About two hundred members were present, including Gen. E. Kirby Smith and G. T. Beauregard. Jefferson Davis, his wife and daughter were elected as honorary members of the association. During the meeting Miss Winnie Davis came into the hall and was received with great enthusiasm. The association, after a banquet in the evening, adjourned to meet again next March.

Swinging Harness Patent Granted.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 6.—Judges Brewer and Phillips handed down a decision in the United States circuit court Monday, in which it is decided that the Hale swinging harness patent is not an infringement on the Sullivan patent. This is a victory for George Hale, the inventor, who is the chief of the fire department in this city.

Soldier With a Gun.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 6.—A young man named Wilson Carter, residing in the name of Fleming, surrendered at his home Monday by shooting. No cause is known.

BASE BALL MEETING.

Representatives of the American Association Meet at Columbus, Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., March 6.—The American Base Ball association meets at the Neil house to-day. The following representatives are present: Byrne and Doyle, of Brooklyn; Speas and Kranthoff, of Kansas City; Stern and Schmeitz, of Cincinnati; Sharsig and Whittaker, of the Athletics; Born, A. Cohen and Lazarus, of Columbus.

The representatives of Baltimore, St. Louis and Louisville are expected. The committee on constitutional revision met and formulated their report which will probably be submitted to-day. It is rumored that they will do nothing with the proposed classification of players.

The National Scoring association will also meet here to-day. It comprises representatives from the press of the leading cities of the country.

The Last Day.

In the senate the approval of bills by the president, and some unimportant legislation, occupied the time until noon, when a final adjournment was announced by the vice-president pro tem., and the inaugural ceremonies were commenced with the reading of the president's message calling the senate into extra session.

In the house, the appropriation bills having all been passed, nothing was done except the passage of a resolution protesting against the senate interfering with the right of members in the capitol. A complimentary resolution was voted to Speaker Carlisle, who made a suitable reply, and declared the Fifteenth Congress adjourned sine die.

Foreign Notes.

The Imperial bank of Germany statement shows an increase of 180,000 marks in specie. The pope is preparing an important encyclical letter on the necessity for maintaining peace in Europe.

Mr. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer, has under consideration the question of issuing one pound note.

Capt. Bailey, alias Cook, an American swindler, in Brussels, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment at hard labor.

It is believed that 2,000 persons will be present at the proposed banquet to Mr. Powell. Earl Spencer will probably preside.

Prince Alexander, of Battenberg, denies that he had thought of marrying Mlle Loisinger previous to Emperor William's refusal to sanction his marriage to Princess Victoria of Prussia.

The Dublin Express says that Mr. Gladstone is considering a proposal to make a motion in the house of commons, when the debate on the government supply bill comes up, refusing to grant the supply demanded. "This will be," says the paper, "tantamount to an impeachment of the government."

Freight Train on a Tear.

MARQUETTE, Mich., March 6.—A South Shore freight train going up the heavy Front street grade in this city Monday broke in two; the rear cars ran rapidly down the hill, ran into an open switch, and finally jumped across the street into Frazer's block, knocking the whole front of Steele & Lobdell's grocery in, tearing out the corner of Pickland & Company's coal office and damaging Rothchild & Benfarnin's front. No one was injured.

A Fireman's Scheme.

BOSTON, March 6.—James P. Nolan, aged twenty, a call fireman in the city fire department, has been arrested for causing several small fires, his object being to win promotion and gain steady work by his discovery of the fires and supposed vigilance. He has confessed.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A Marvel of precision and uniformity. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

To ADVERTISERS.

A list of 1,000 newspapers Divided into States and Sections will be sent on application—FREE.

To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce Street, New York.

Dr. J. F. CLARKE,

VETERINARY SURGEON!

Graduate of Toronto Veterinary College, treats all diseases of domesticated animals. Ringbones, Spavins, and Curbis, permanently cured. CHARGES REASONABLE.

OFFICE: At J. P. Nash's hotel, first door east of Yancy Alexander's Stable. Tel. wly.

GEORGE W. COOK,

House, Sign and Ornamental

Painter and Paper-Hanger.

Shop north side of Fourth street, between Limestone and Market, Maysville, Ky. 20th

The Weather.

Indications—Light rain or snow; slightly cooler; northerly winds.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for March 5.

NEW YORK.—Money 2 per cent. Exchange quiet; governments firm. Currency sixes, 12½ bid; four coupons, 12½ bid; four and a half, 10½ bid.

The stock market opened fractionally lower, and during the first hour, under a raid by the bears, prices declined ¾ to 2 per cent. The market has since recovered ¾ to 1 per cent, on some covering, but the undertone at this writing is feverish and unsettled.

BUR & QUINNEY...100% Michigan Cent...89½ Central Pacific...35½ Missouri Pacific...71½ C. C. C. & I....73½ N. Y. Central...110 Del. & Hudson...13½ Northwest...106½ Del. & Lack. & W. 14½ Ohio & Miss. 21½ Illinois Central...11½ Pacific Mail...39 Lake Shore...10½ St. Paul...62½ Louisville & Nashville...62½ Western Union...80½

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—9c \$1.00.

CORN—30c.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 18½ to one-fourth blood combing, 23½ to 24½; medium and combing, 26½ to 27½; braids, 19½ to 20½; medium combing, 21½ to 22½; fleece washed, fine 20½ to 21½; coarse, 22½ to 23½.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$13 50; No. 2, \$9 00; prairie, \$7 50 to 8 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, \$5 00 to 10.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3 25 to 3 75; fair, \$2 50 to 3 15; common, \$1 50 to 2 25; stockers and feeders, \$2 00 to 2 75; yearlings, \$1 25 to 2 00.

HOGS—Select butchers, \$4 75 to 5 00; fair to good packing, \$4 00 to 4 25; common, \$3 00 to 4 25; good packing, \$3 00 to 4 50; fair to good light, \$4 05 to 5 50; common, \$4 00 to 4 50.

SHEEP—Common to fair, \$3 00 to 4 25; good to choice, \$4 75 to 5 50.

LAMBS—\$3 50 to 5 50.

Boston Wool Market.

Receipts of wool the past week: 2,810 bales domestic and 7,300 bales foreign; sales 1,120,000 lbs. domestic and 600,000 lbs. foreign.

Quotations: Ohio XXX...30c, do XX...28c, do X...26c, do No. 1...28c, Michigan No. 1...37c, fine Ohio delaine...36c, Michigan...33c, unmerchandise...33c, Michigan...23½c, unmerchandise...Ohio 23½c, No. 1...28c, No. 1 combing...26c, No. 1...26c, No. 1...26c, No. 1...26c, No. 1...26c, Kentucky...36c, blood combing...26c, Missouri...14½c, blood combing...26c, Texas...12 months 2½c, do 8 months 18½c, 22½c, 26½c, 30½c, 34½c, 38½c, 42½c, 46½c, 50½c, 54½c, 58½c, 62½c, 66½c, 70½c, 74½c, 78½c, 82½c, 86½c, 90½c, 94½c, 98½c, 102½c, 106½c, 110½c, 114½c, 118½c, 122½c, 126½c, 130½c, 134½c, 138½c, 142½c, 146½c, 150½c, 154½c, 158½c, 162½c, 166½c, 170½c, 174½c, 178½c, 182½c, 186½c, 190½c, 194½c, 198½c, 202½c, 206½c, 210½c, 214½c, 218½c, 222½c, 226½c, 230½c, 234½c, 238½c, 242½c, 246½c, 250½c, 254½c, 258½c, 262½c, 266½c, 270½c, 274½c, 278½c, 282½c, 286½c, 290½c, 294½c, 298½c, 302½c, 306½c, 310½c, 314½c, 318½c, 322½c, 326½c, 330½c, 334½c, 338½c, 342½c, 346½c, 350½c, 354½c, 358½c, 362½c, 366½c, 370½c, 374½c, 378½c, 382½c, 386½c, 390½c, 394½c, 398½c, 402½c, 406½c, 410½c, 414½c, 418½c, 422½c, 426½c, 430½c, 434½c, 438½c, 442½c, 446½c, 450½c, 454½c, 458½c, 462½c, 466½c, 470½c, 474½c, 478½c, 482½c, 486½c, 490½c, 494½c, 498½c, 502½c, 506½c, 510½c, 514½c, 518½c, 522½c, 526½c, 530½c, 534½c, 538½c, 542½c, 546½c, 550½c, 554½c, 5